





## Value-added shrimp products

1 January 2008 **By Chris Denmark** 

## Shrimp has become a preferred item for festival seasons, vacations and holidays

Value-added seafood can be defined in different ways. For example, a shrimp farmer can peel a percentage of his crop that is soft-shelled and thus increase its value, rather than decrease income by having to sell the shrimp as a second-grade product.

To gain value, a shrimp or lobster processor can differentiate its products from those of other producers and present a greater variety to importers. The various product presentations are designed to offer laborsaving ways to purchase product for restaurants, retail outlets, and consumer kitchens.

Value adding is traditionally thought of as processing outside straight commodity sales. In fact, farmers or processors can gain extra income not only by further processing of shrimp, but by supplying specific markets with targeted product forms, as well. To generate added value, product can also be differentiated by its means of culture, such as "chemical-free" or "organic."



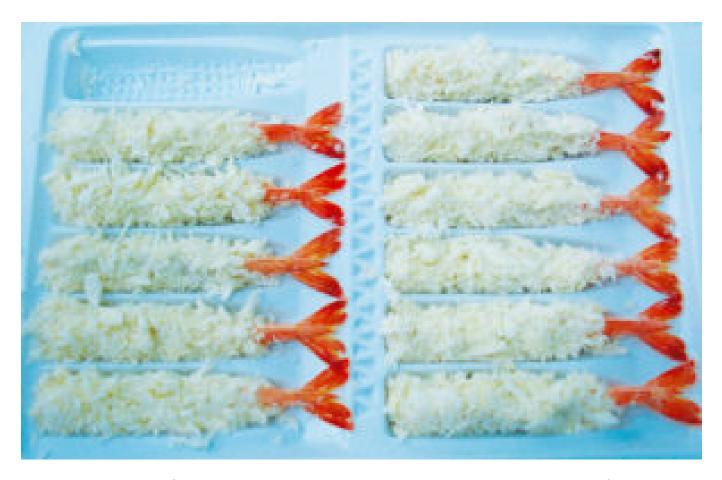
Shrimp skewers have become an increasingly common – and convenient – item at restaurants and supermarkets.

# Value-added shrimp presentations Whole shrimp

Whole animals require very little processing in the plant, but the product needs to be treated carefully to avoid physical damage, especially to the head. One difficulty is that this product may require pond side treatment to avoid melanosis, particularly in the case of product for the European Union. Spain and France have a large market for whole shrimp, which is cooked and resold. Product for these markets needs to be of top quality and dark color. Whole shrimp prices vary greatly throughout the year, but can be better than for commodity tails.

### **Varied cuts**

Value adding includes several product forms, and presentations can be raw, cooked, individually quick-frozen (IQF), or block frozen. The simplest cut is an "easy-peel" (E.Z.) shrimp in which a cut is made from the first to the fifth segments, generally to a depth of 30 percent of the segment. The sand vein is



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then removed. Shrimp can be cut by hand or machine, but generally greater uniformity is achieved with machine-cut shrimp. With practice, though, people can also cut very accurately and uniformly.

Another cut is "peeled and deveined" (P&D). In this method, workers or machines cut from the second to fourth segments. These products are often presented cooked with tails on for shrimp rings at supermarket chains, or skewered for restaurant supply.

The tails can be cut further into butterfly, round, or western cuts with the tails left on or removed. Deveining can be by a machine cut or hand needle. Another alternate type is "peeled undeveined" (PUD), often used for very small sizes that are difficult and laborious to peel. With all these cuts, importers really need to know their suppliers well and specify depth of cut and standards required.

One particular type of item is raw, peeled products like P&D, tail on, straight shrimp used for processing tempura shrimp for Japan. The Japanese Customs Authority categorizes value-added products into several groups, including dried/salted/ in brine, cooked and smoked, and prepared/preserved.

The markets for these products are dominated by supplies from Vietnam, Thailand, China, and Taiwan, which also provide a wide range of other value-added seafood products to the Japanese market. It is worth noting that fish products are still the most highly preferred protein source in Japan. Shrimp has become more of a preferred item for festival seasons, vacations, and holidays. Warm water spiny

lobsters and cold water lobsters can also be value added. Spiny lobster tails are often sold with a split back to aid removal of the meat or in an E.Z.-peel version with a small notch in the last segment that grasps the meat and provides a great presentation.

### Coated shrimp, ready meals

Increasingly popular for restaurant chains, prebattered or coated shrimp are shipped completely prepared for cooking at the restaurant kitchen, which can greatly help logistics. Frozen entrees, such as ready-to-eat microwavable meals, are also popular. These are the ultimate goal of many operations, but require sophisticated cooking plants and training to achieve the high standards necessary.

## **Natural products**

Shrimp that are chemical-free, all natural, or organic are increasingly in demand, especially in U.S. and European markets. In the United States, shrimp may be sold as organic if they are certified by a foreign certifying body. The U.S. Department of Agriculture is still working on development of its organic standards to allow products to be sold as certified organic in the U.S.

#### Moisture treatment

Sodium trypolyphosphate (STP) treatment can be used to help retain moisture in shrimp processing but not add weight. Since the temptation exists to deepen cuts, extend dip time, and use excessive percentages of STP, it is important to ask the right questions and know your supplier.

## **Import trends**

Because the current U.S. antidumping tariffs do not affect value added products, this classification of exports to the U.S. has increased in recent years. Countries like Ecuador, China, and Thailand have shifted much of their production to value- added products.

U.S. imports of breaded shrimp increased 169 percent from 16.6 million kg to more than 44.4 million kg in 2005, and then rose another 11 percent in 2006. U.S. imports of prepared shrimp meals jumped 40 percent from 83.4 million kg in 2005 to 116.6 million kg in 2006. China and Thailand now account for 93 percent of U.S. imports of breaded shrimp and 75 percent of the country's imported prepared shrimp meals.

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Lobsters can also be value added. Spiny lobster tails are often sold with a split back to aid removal of the meat.

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